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ANSWER

"War Bookgiven To the dulin

EVERYMAN

That afketh a

REASON

Of the HOPE that is in us.

Which things we speak, not in the words which man's wisdom teacheth, but which the Holy Ghost teacheth, I Cor. ii. 13.

The SECOND EDITION.

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Written by

JOSEPH HUMPHREYS.

BRISTOL:

And Sold by J. Wilson, and T. Cadell, in Wine Stree:
and at the Tabernacle in LONDON.

PREFACE by the Rev. Mr. Whitefield.

THE Apofle tells us there are different Gifts, but the Same Stirit. And it is with no small Pleasure that I frequently confider what a boly Variety there is, as to their Gifts, among those who by the World in Contempt are called Methodist Preachers; and to whom I am in an especial Manner connected. Some may be properly filled Sons of Thunder, while others of them feem more peculiarly to claim the Title of Sons of Consolation. One has got the Gift of Exhortation, while another is more enabled to open properly the Scriptures of Truth. Mr. Humphreys, the Author of the following Questions and Answers, seems to excell in the latter. I trust they will be bless'd to many. They are plain and simple. I think they need no Recommendation. Read and judge for your-felves, into whose Hands this little Manual may come, and then I doubt not but you will be like minded, in this Respect, with

Your Soul's Well-wisher,

G.W.

The AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

MY defign in publishing this is to bring a few of those important scriptures to notice, which are generally over-look'd, or at least but little minded by the common people.

They are placed in the following method, that by the bleffing of God, they may Arike the greater conviction into the

hearts of those that read them.

A thing of this kind might undoubtedly be done by an abler hand. But instead of a better, let this take place. And let all that love Zion, pray the Lord JESUS to bless it, for the spreading his glorious name and gospel in this cloudy and dark day.

If it be own'd to this purpose, perhaps I may be encouraged thereby to attempt some-thing another time of the same nature. In the mean while I subscribe myself, courteous

reader, thy friend and servant, for JESU's sake,

Chedworth. Dec. 10, 1743. J. H.

An Answer to every Man that asketh, &c.

2. I Am glad to see you: pray how do you do?

A. By grace I can say, that not only my body prospers and is in health, but my soul also prospers, 3 John ii.

2. How spiritual you talk! what, you are one of

this new way, are you?

A. This I confess, that after the way which men call herefy, so worthip I the God of my fathers, believing all things which are written in the law and the prophets, Ads xxiv. 14.

2. You are a Methodist then, I suppose?

A. I trust I am one of those that are called the children of the living God, Rom. ix. 26.

2. Will none then be fav'd, think you, beside your-

felves?

A. God forbid! For Jesus' was flain, and hath redeemed Sinners to God by his blood, out of every kindred, and tongue, and people, and nation; and hath made them kings and priests unto God, Rev. v. 9, 10.

2. But I suppose, whatever becomes of others, you

do not doubt but you shall be faved?

- A. We do indeed live in hope of eternal life, which God that cannot lie promis'd before the world began, Tit. i. 2.
 - 2. What have you to ground your hope upon?

A. Christ is, in us, the hope of glory, Col. i. 27.

2. Have you got Christ then?

A. My Beloved is mine, and I am His, Cant. ii. 15.

Q. You not only hope then, but you are fure of be-

ing faved through Christ?

A. I know that my Redeemer liveth; and though after my skin, worms destroy this body, yet in my slesh shall I see God, Job xix. 25, 26.

Q. And do you indeed know that you are a child of

God?

A. The Spirit itself beareth witness with my spirit that I am a child of God, Rem. viii 16.

A 2

2. How

Q. How came you by this affurance?

A. By grace through faith, Eph. ii. 8.— We have receiv'd the Spirit of adoption, whereby we cry, Abba Father, Rom. viii. 15.

2. May I have this gift?

A. Ask, and it shall be given you, Mat. vii. 7. Who-soever calleth upon the name of the Lord shall be saved, Acts ii. 21. And if we being evil, know how to give good gifts to our children, how much more shall our heavenly Father give the Holy Spirit to them that ask him? Luke xi. 11.

2. I shou'd like to be one of you, but you are a

people fo very particular.

A. We are indeed a peculiar people, 1 Pet. ii. 9. a foolish nation, by whom the Lord provokes many others to jealousy and anger, Rom. x. 19.

2. I have heard great talk of the methodift ministers:

what are they?

A. They are ambassadors for Christ, as though God did beseech sinners by them, they pray them in Christ's stead to be reconciled to God, 2 Cor. v. 20.

2. But why do they preach in fields and barns, and

fuch-like places?

A. 1. Because they are put out of the synagogues,

John xvi. 2.

2. Because the Most High dwelleth not in temples made with hands, Ads vii, 48. But the hour is now come, when the true worshippers do worship the Father in spirit, Job. iv. 23.

3. Because Christ and his Apostles preached without

doors as well as within, Mat. v. 1. Acts xvi. 13.

4. Because where two or three are gathered together in the name of Christ, there is he in the midst, Mat. xviii. 20.

Q. But why do they go about preaching?

A. Because God, by them, would now command all men every where to repent, Acts xviii. 30. They see the whole world lying in wickedness, 1 fohn v. 19. And therefore knowing the terrors of the Lord, they persuade men, 2 Cor. v. 11. They would preach the gospel to every creature, M. 15. Like Jesus him-

himself, who went about all the cities and villages teaching and preaching, Mat. ix. 35.

2. But I am told they do mischief about the country,

causing divisions in families and churches.

A. Think not that Christ came to send peace on earth: I came not to send peace, says he, but a sword (i. e. My gospel will prove in the event to be the occasion of much division.) For I am come to set a man at variance against his father, and the daughter against her mother, and the daughter-in-law against her mother-in-law: and a man's soes shall be those of his own houshold, Mat. x. 34, 35.

2. I understand they are very young men.

A. Yea: have ye never read, Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings thou hast perfected praise? Mat. xxi. 16.

2. I hear also they are weak and unlearned men.

A. God hath chosen the foolish things of the world to confound the wise, and the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty, and base things of the world, and things which are despis'd hath God chosen. I Cor. i. 27. 28.

2. But 'tis objected also, that they do not preach

exact and regular.

A. They come not with excellency of speech or of wisdom. For their speech and their preaching is not with enticing words of mans wisdom: but in demonstration of the spirit and of power, 1 Cor. ii. 1:4.

2. But furely if they were good ministers, they

would not be so universally despised as they are.

A. They, like the primitive ministers of Christ, are made as the filth of the world, and are the off-scouring of all things unto this day, 1 Cor. iv. 13. Yea, like Christ himself, they are rejected of the builders, Luke XX. 17.

Q. But what became of people before these arole:

furely they did not all go to hell?

A. Secret things belong unto the Lord our God, Deut. xxix. 29. Who at no time hath left himself without witness, Ada xiv. 17. And if there have been times of ignorance, he hath winked at them: but sore commandeth all men every where to repent, Ada xvii. 20.

2. Pray tell me, what do these Ministers preach?

A. They preach, 1. That there is none righteous, no not one, Rom. iii. 10.

2. That no man cometh to the Father, but by Christ.

John xiv. 6.

3. That Jesus Christ shed his blood for many, for the remission of fins, Mat. xxvi. 28. And

4. That through his name, who foever believeth in

him, shall receive remission of sins, Acts x. 43.

2. I find these ministers have not so great a variety in their sermons as other ministers have.

A. Because they are determin'd not to know any thing among the people, save Jesus Christ, and him crucified, 1 Cor. ii. 2.

2. But are there not some wicked men that go about

in their name?

A. Such are false apostles, deceitful workers, transforming themselves into the apostles of Christ, 2 Cor. xi. 13.

2. You mention'd just now the remission of fins. Pray tell me, is there such a thing as having our fins forgiven?

A. There is forgiveness with God, Pfal. cxxx. 4. In Christ we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of fins, Eph. i. 6. As far as the east is from the west, so far hath the Lord removed our transgressions from us, Pfal. ciii. 12.

Q. I own this is very happy for those who experi-

ence it.

A. Even as David fays, Bleffed are they whose iniquities are forgiven, and whose sins are covered, Rom. iv. 7.

2. But perhaps this was a privilege belonging only

to holy men of old, and not to any in these days.

A. We believe that through the grace of the Lord Jesus Christ, we shall be faved even as they, Acts xv. 11. For the same Lord over all is rich unto all that call upon him, Rom. x. 12.

2. How may we attain to the forgiveness of our lins?

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A. The Son of man hath power on earth to forgive fins, Mat. ix. 6. Come unto me therefore, fays Christ, all ye that labour and are heavy-laden, and I will give you rest, Mat. ix. 28.

2. But he is now in heaven, and how can we come at him there?

A. You are to understand that the Lord is nigh unto all them that call upon him in truth, Pf. cxlv. 18. And tho' he is now in heaven, yet his hand is not shortned that it cannot fave, neither is his ear heavy that it cannot hear, Ifa. lix. 1,

2. Perhaps if a very vile sinner does go to him, he

may yet miss of mercy.

A. Him that cometh to me, fays Chrift, I will in no wife cast out, John vi. 37.

2. Surely this Lord Christ is very gracious.

A. Indeed he is gracious, and full of compassion, Pf. exly. 8. For as the heaven is high above the earth, fo great is his mercy towards them that fear him, Pfalm

2. I should be glad to hear something farther of this Christ: for to me he seems to be no common person.

A. Indeed he is none other than God bimfelf manifest in the Flesh, I Tim. iii. 16.

2. Did the almighty God then become a man?

A. The Word was God, John i. 1, and the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, 14th verse.

2. How came he to condescend thus?

A. Though he was rich, yet for our takes he became poor, that we through his poverty might be made rich, 2 Cor. viii. 9.

2. This was great humility.

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A. Yes indeed was it. For though he was in the form of God, and thought it not robbery to be equal with God, yet he made himself of no reputation, and took upon him the form of a servant, and was made in the likeness of men, Phil. ii. 6, 7.

2. And was this the same that died upon the cross? A. Yes. For being found in fashion as a man, he humbled himself, and became obedient unto death, even

the death of the cross, ibid 8.

2. Did God then die? A. Hereby perceive we the love of God, because he laid down his life for us, a John iii. 16.

2. This is very strange doctrine.

A. Without controversy great is the mystery of god finess 1 Tim. iii. 16.

2. Are we bound to believe that Christ is God?

A. If ye believe not that I AM, (ori eye sini) fays Chrift, Ye shall die in your fins, John viii. 24.

2. Is the name I AM given to none but God?

A. Moles faid unto God, behold, when I come unto the children of Israel, and say unto them, The God of your fathers hath fent me unto you, and they shall say to me, What is his name? What shall I say unto them? And God faid unto Moses, Thus shalt thou say unto them, I AM (TITE from TIT the same as TIT from subence comes MM' that incommunicable name of God, robich is given to none but himself) hath sent me unto you, Exod. iii. 13, 14.

2. But is it certain that this fame title belongs to

Christ?

A. Jesus said unto the Jews, Verily, Verily I say unto you, Before Abraham was, I AM, John viii. 58.

2. I thought Christ was the Son of God, and not God himself.

A. Christ and his Father are one, John x. 30.

2. But if Christ was such a divine person, how came he to fuffer fo much as he did?

A. He suffer'd for fins, 1 Pet. iii. 18.

2. For whose fins?

A. He was wounded for our transgressions. Ifa. liii. 5.

2. What, then he who was innocent, fuffer'd in our room who were guilty?

A. Yes verily: he fuffer'd the just for the unjust, 1 Pet. iii. 18.

2. But what was this for?

A. That he might bring us to God, ibid.

Q. I suppose then that we should never have come to God, if Christ had not died for us.

A. Without shedding of blood is no remission, Heb.

IX. 22.

2. So then, though we are finners, we can be faved

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now by Christ?

A. This is a faithful faying, and worthy of all accepcation, that Christ Jesus came into the world to fave fin-Ders. 1 7im. 1. 15. 2. Are 2. Are all mankind finners?

A. All have finned, and are come short of the glory of God, Rom. iii. 23.

2. How came all to be finners?

A. By one man's disobedience, many were made finners, Rom. v. 19.

2. What is the evil consequence of being a sinner?

A. Cursed is every one that continueth not in all things which are written in the book of the law to do them, Gal. iii. 10.

2. But sure a man is not cursed, if he is but a very

little finner?

A. Whoever shall keep the whole law, and yet offend in one point, he is guilty of all, James ii. 10.

2. If this be so, then both I and all mankind are in

a miserable state.

A. Tis true: men are very apt to fay, they are rich, and increased with goods, and have need of nothing: and know not that they are wretched and miserable, and poor, and blind, and naked, Rev. iii. 17.

2. What then must a person do to be saved?

A. Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be faved, Acts xvi. 31.

2. But are we not to amend our lives, and do all the

good we can, and so expect to be fav'd?

A. By the deeds of the law there shall no flesh be justify'd in God's sight, Rom. iii. 20. But to him that worketh not, but believeth on him that justifieth the ungodly, his faith is counted for righteousness, Rom. iv. 5.

2. Then we may live as we will, if we do but be-

lieve ?

A. As the body without the spirit is dead, so faith without works is dead also, James ii. 20.

2. Pray what is faith?

A. Faith is the substance of things hoped for, the evi-

dence of things not feen, Heb. xi. 1.

- 2. So then I find if we have faith, Christ is even now as evidently present to the spiritual senses of our souls, as if we had been personally present with him here on earth?
- A. Yes indeed. Christ dwells in our hearts by faith, Epb. iii. 17.

2. So then you have fellowship with an unseen Christ?

A. Truly our fellowship is with the Father and with his Son Jesus Christ, 1 John i. 3.

2. And do you love him, tho' you have not feen

him?

A. Whom having not feen, we love: in whom, tho' now we fee him not, yet believing, we rejoice with joy unspeakable and full of glory, 1 Pet. i. 8.

2. Methinks I should love him very much, and be-

lieve in him too, if I were to see him.

A. Bleffed are they that have not feen, and yet have

believed, John xx. 29:

2. Pray tell me, why do you love him, and rejoice in him so much?

A. Because he has loved us, and washed us from our fins in his own blood, Rev. i. 5.

2. How has he done away our fins?

A. Christ hath redeem'd us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us, Gal. iii. 13.

2. Was Christ then cursed?

A. It is written, Cursed is every one that hangeth on a tree, ibid.

2. I thought just now you said that we sinners were

curied, and not Christ.

A. All we like sheep have gone astray, and the Lord hath laid on him the iniquity of us all, Isa. liii. 6.

2. But why was he punish'd, and not que?

A. It pleased the Lord to bruise him, Isa. liii. 10.

Q. Were Christ's sufferings very great?

A. So great, that his foul was exceeding forrowful, even unto death, Matt. xxvi. 38.

2. Then I find all we must have perished, if Christ

had not died.

A. 'Tis true indeed, that Jesus hath delivered us from the wrath to come, 1 Thes. i. 10.

2. Since then Christ hath died, I suppose none will

perish now.

A. He that believeth not, shall be damned, Mark xvi. 16.

2. Very true: But we ought to hope charitably of people; we hope that we all do believe.

A. All men have not faith, 2 Thef. iii. 2. 1

2. But if all have not, I hope the most part have?

A. Strait is the gate, and narrow is the way that leadeth unto life, and few there be that find it. Matt. VII. 14

2. This is an hard faying, who can hear it?

A. He that hath ears to hear, let him hear, Matt. xi. 15.

2. But who can be fay'd then?

A. God fo loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that who foever believeth in him, should not perish, but have everlasting life, John iii. 16.

I find then that tho' the gate is strait, yet there

is a door of mercy open notwithstanding,

A. Yes indeed, the Lord keepeth mercy for thoufands, Exod. xxxiv. 7.
2. Then I need not despair.

A. It is good that a man should both hope; and quietly wait for the salvation of the Lord, Lam. iii. 26.

2. Pray tell me, have you obtain'd mercy?

A. For this cause I obtain'd mercy, that in me Jesus Christ might shew forth all long suffering, I Tim. 1. 16.

2. Are your fins all forgiven?

A. God hath forgiven me all trespasses, Col. ii. 13.

2. Pray who are you, that Christ should love you, and forgive you all trefpasses? A. He that beli-

A. Of finners I am the chief, I Tim. 1.15

2. How dare you then to think that Christ regards you? that believe on him. floods

A. Because he receiveth sinners, Luke xv. 2.

2. But why do you think that he receiveth you in particular: fure he never told you so?

A. He that believeth on the Son of God, hath the witness in himself, I John. V. 10. 100 9137 and Deet

2. What is this witness?

A. It is the Spirit that beareth witness, 1 John. v. 6.

2. I wish it is not all delusion with it is

A. The Spirit is truth: And if we receive the witness of men, the witness of God is greater, I John v: 6. 9.

2. But

Q. But do not many pretend to the Spirit, who yet are false, hypocrites?

them their portion with the hypocrites, Matt. xxiv. 51.

2. How may a person know whether he has the true spirit, or whether he be in a delusion?

A. Let a man examine himself, 1 Cor. xi. 28.

2. What are the marks of the Spirit?

A. The fruit of the spirit is love, joy, peace, longfuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, temperance; --- and they that are Christ's have crucified the slesh with the affections and lusts, Gal. v. 22, 24.

2. I do not hear our learned ministers talk fo much

of the Spirit:

A. God hath hid these things from the wise and pru-

dent, Matt. xi. 25.

2. We us'd to call them Quakers, who pretend so much to the Spirit.

A. If any man have not the Spirit of Christ, he is none of his. Rom. viii. 9.

2. To whom is this Spirit given?

off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call, Acts

. 2 And who are they that do actually receive the

Spirit ?

A. He that believeth on Christ, as the Scripture hath said, out of his belly shall slow rivers of living water. This spoke Christ of the Spirit, which they that believe on him, should receive, John vii. 38. 39.

2. Then I find it is the privilege of every true believer to have the Spirit. This is brave indeed. Al-

most thou persuadest me to be a christian.

A. I would to God that not only thou, but all that read this, were both almost, and altogether such as I am, All xxvi. 20. Only without that fin that dwelleth in me, Rom. vir. 20.

2. Lord, I believe; help thou my unbelief.

A. I say unto you, There is Joy in the presence of the angels of God, over one suner that repenteth, Luke xv. 10. Amen, Amen.

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